Nam	ne <u>'</u>	Class	Date
Obs	servations		
	Plate 1 High-power objective	Plate 2 . F	ligh-power objective
_	Magnification		ion
	magamounos		
			. \
•			\ .
			,
	/		
	Elodea cells (Plant cells)		heek cells Animal cells)
			/
Ana	alysis and Conclusions		. •
	1. Describe the shape of the <i>Elodea</i> cell	s and the cheek cells.	. ,
			· · ·
^ .			-
			
•	9 a Haw are plant and animal calls sign	miles in atmosphere	,
	2. a. How are plant and animal cells sin	imat in structure:	
	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•			
	3		
	b. How are plant and animal cells dif	ferent?	
			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·
	3. Why are stains such as methylene blu	ie used when observing co	ells under the microscope?
•			
		<u> </u>	,

		· 			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· 	•			
		···· <u>···</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Explain why you could no	t use an oak leaf	in place of an	<i>Elodea</i> leaf in	this invest	igation.
-					8
			 ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			-	·	· · · · · ·
			,		
1					
	·				
	ontoining living	11- 1- 1	1 1	. 1 17	
f you were given a slide c		-	d you identify	the cells a	s either
f you were given a slide c		-	d you identify	the cells a	s either
If you were given a slide coolant or animal?		· .	<u>.</u>	the cells a	s either

ing Further

Remove the skin from some fruits and vegetables, such as tomatoes and leeks. Prepare wet-mount slides for each fruit or vegetable skin and observe them under the low-power and high-power objectives of your microscope. Sketch and label what you see. How do these cells compare with animal cells?